Section Quiz 1-1

People, Places, & Events of World History



Congratulations! You have completed this section!
Answer the following questions to test your understanding of the material. When you are finished, hand in your quiz to your teacher. Each answer is worth 1.8 points.

Matching.

1. _____ Archaeologist	(a) a cold-water plant of the mustard family whose leaves are used for salads and garnishes
2. _____ Cult	(b) province or territory of Pharaonic Egypt
3. _____ Deity	(c) a furnace or oven for baking pottery or bricks
4. _____ Caste	(d) ficticious elements of a culture's religious beliefs involving superhuman or heavenly beings who interact with humans
5. _____ Nomes	(e) waterfalls
6. _____ Mythological	(f) a smaller representation of a larger entity.
7. _____ Manifold	(g) a scientist who excavates and examines ruins of the past in order to establish the foundation of a culture
8. _____ Cress	(h) plants such as beans or lentils that provide pods, beans, or peas for food
9. _____ Legumes	(i) of, about, or pertaining to a time period
10. _____ Kiln	(j) followers of a pagan deity
11. _____ Circa	(k) a god or object of worship
12. _____ Irrigation	(l) a flat-bottomed water vessel used for transporting freight
13. _____ Cataracts	(m) a societal level of importance in a culture
14. _____ Microcosm	(n) dispersion of water onto an agricultural area usually without sufficient access to water
15. _____ Barge	(o) old English term meaning "many" or "plentiful"

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16. The third planet from the sun is _____.
    (a) Pluto (c) Mars
    (b) Saturn (d) Earth

17. According to scientists' agreement, in what year did a "cataclysmic" event occur, forcing mankind to "start over"? _____

18. To what four river valleys did tribes migrate to populate the Earth? _____, _____, _____, and_____

19. The name of the Egyptian king's palace became the title of its occupant, that is, the _____.
    (a) Pharaoh (c) Kingdom
    (b) King (d) Providence

20. Mesopotamian records maintain that one god created all things, including mankind. _____
    (a) True or (b) False

21. The original deity warned one Mesopotamian man, "Noah," and told him to build a large boat in order to survive _____.
    (a) a great fire (c) ten plagues
    (b) a great flood (d) a great drought

22. Amunhotep IV decreed that there was only one god whom he called _____.
    (a) Aten (c) Amun-Ra
    (b) Amunhotep (d) the sun disc

23. Who is the best known of ancient Egypt's pharaohs to this day? _____.
    (a) King Tut (c) Ramses
    (b) Amun-Ra (d) Amunhotep

24. Where are two important ancient population centers of the Indus River Valley located? _____.
    (a) Delhi and New Delhi (c) Harappa and Mohenjo-daro
    (b) Memphis and Cairo (d) Jerusalem and Galilee

25. Which of these was NOT a usual trapping of civilized urban life in Mesopotamia? _____
    (a) stores (c) schools
    (b) libraries (d) skate parks

26. Egypt worshipped more than ____ deities before Pharaoh Amunhotep IV came to the throne.
    (a) 70 (c) 699
    (b) 11 (d) 700

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27. Circle the fruit or vegetable NOT eaten by people "Between the Rivers."

Olives	Radishes	Peaches	Grapes
Pineapples	Cherries	Onions	Lettuce

28. Why did Egyptians leave food in the tombs of deceased relatives? _____
_____
_____.

29. What was China's most common drink? _____
(a) soda (c) tea
(b) coffee (d) lemonade

30. The people of ancient Mesopotamia studied the orbits of stars and planets, which lead to the invention of the _____ and the value of Pi.

31. The Mesopotamian pottery items of circa 2,000 BC had apparently been fired in a _____.
(a) microwave (c) kiln
(b) heater (d) chiminea

32. The Amorites invaded "The Land Between the Rivers" and later established what was to become what empire? _____

33. Who were the foreign kings of the Near East that invaded Lower Egypt in approximately 1700 BC? _____
(a) Greeks (c) Israelites
(b) Chinese (d) Hyksos

34. Pharaoh Ahmose I expelled the Hyksos from Egypt in _____ BC.

35. What were the two primary forms of living of the Fertile Crescent inhabitants? _____
(a) hunting and fishing (c) ranching and farming
(b) military and war (d) building and expanding

36. List any three crops Mesopotamian farmers planted and harvested. _____,
_____, _____

37. In the era around 2,000 BC, such Mesopotamian city-states as Ur could boast a population of _____ people.
(a) 10,000 (c) 500
(b) 30,000 (d) 100,000

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38. What is the only form of life on Earth that has ever produced art? _____
    (a) monkey (c) dolphin
    (b) human beings (d) elephant

39. Because of oral literature, (the)_____ were able to perpetuate or sustain their culture without the use of books.
    (a) Chinese (c) Native Americans
    (b) Mesopotamians (d) Egyptians

40. In the ancient Mesopotamian epic, _____, a tale is told of the creation of the world.
    (a) *The Enuma Elish* (c) *The Everlasting Man*
    (b) *The Hobbit* (d) *The Epic of Gilgamesh*

41. *The Epic of Gilgamesh* conveys the story of a worldwide flood that destroyed _____.
    (a) the Earth (c) Egypt
    (b) the Fertile Crescent (d) China

42. Ancient Hebrew texts describe a worldwide flood survived by a man named _____.
    (a) Job (c) Noah
    (b) David (d) Moses

43. What were the four kinds of energy employed in the early days of civilization? _____, _____, _____, and _____.

44. "*When rulers are righteous, the people _____; when rulers are wicked, the people mourn.*"

45. "*The god of the people determines the destiny of the _____.*"

46. "*Profitable _____ is a mark of a civilized culture.*"

47. "*By the _____ of his hands is a man made prosperous.*"

48. "*A nation's literary and industrial achievements reveal its _____.*"

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